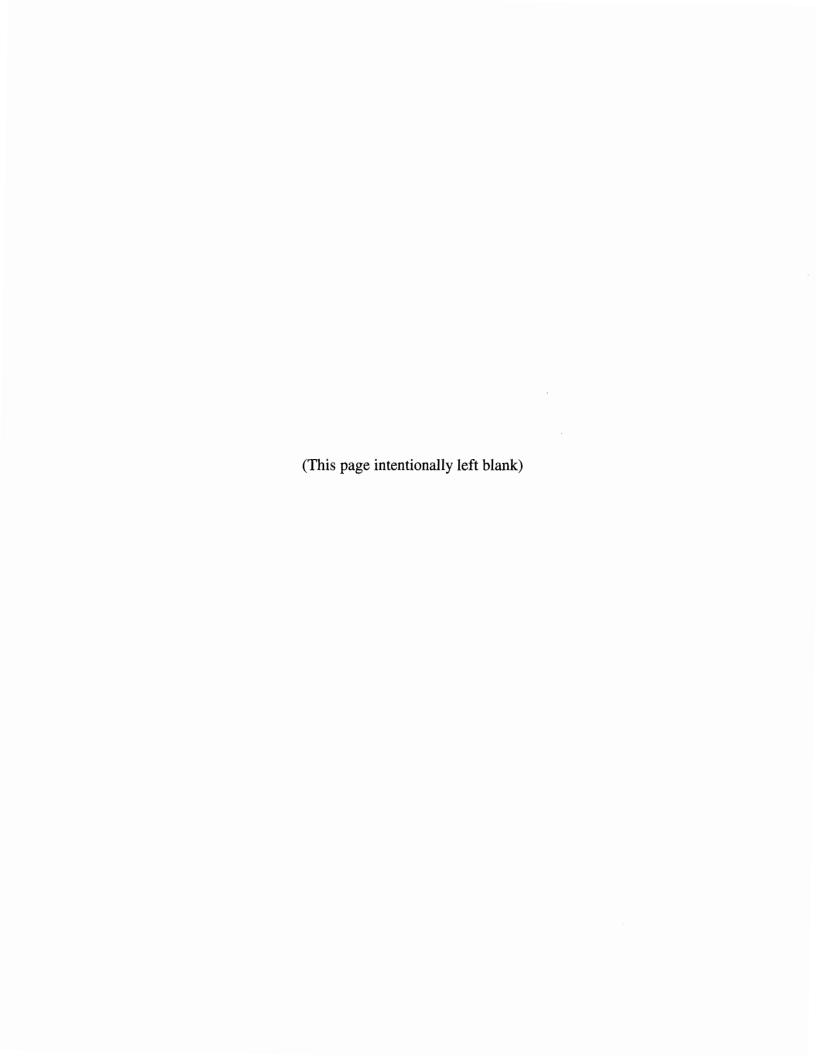
Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Table of Contents

	Page No.
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	. 11
Statement of Activities	12
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet and Governmental Funds and Reconciliation of Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Activities	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	4.0
Budget and Actual - General Fund	16
Notes to Financial Statements	18
Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules	
General Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	31
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual	32
Parking Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	36
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	37
Capital Projects Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	38
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	39
Other Supplemental Information	
Schedule of General Fund Tax Collector's Activity	40
Schedule of Debt Limitation	41





Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Commissioners of the Sixth Taxing District of the City of Norwalk, Connecticut (Rowayton)

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Sixth Taxing District of the City of Norwalk, Connecticut (Rowayton) ("District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit for the year ended June 30, 2019 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and other supplemental information for the year ended June 30, 2019 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

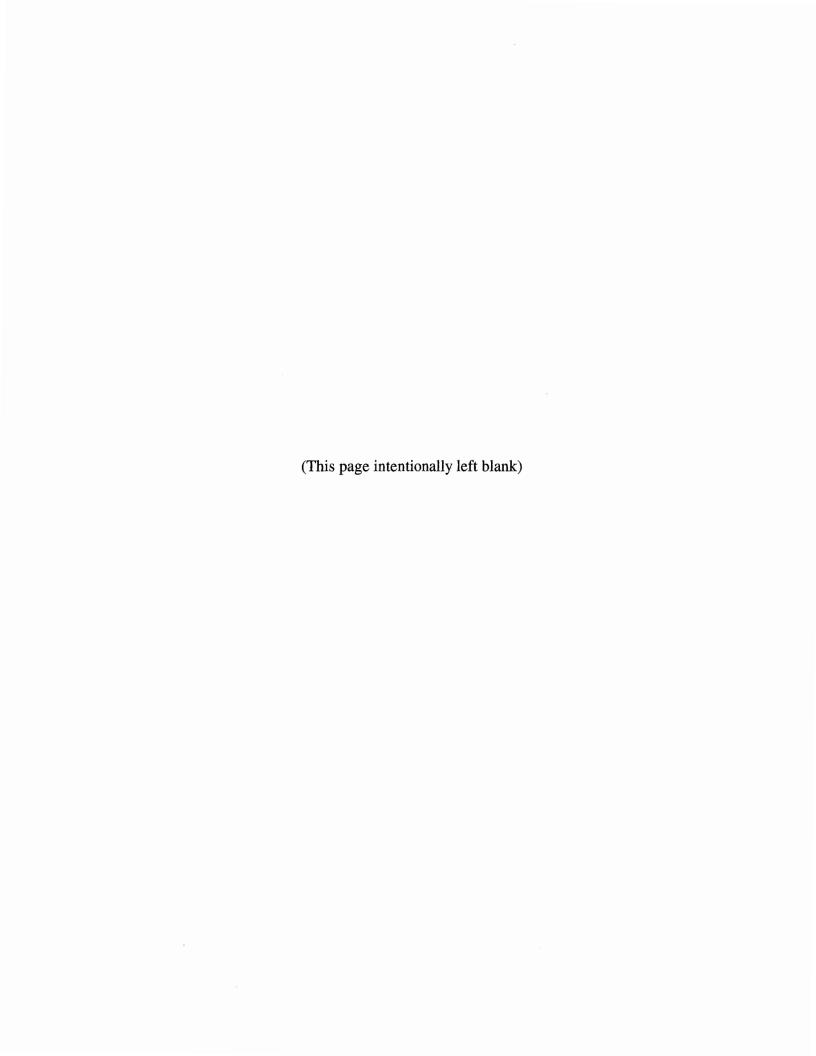
The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and other supplemental information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2019.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated February 1, 2019, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended June 30, 2018 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2018 financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected

to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2018 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2018.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Stamford, Connecticut February 12, 2020



Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Year ended June 30, 2019

The management of the Sixth Taxing District of the City of Norwalk, Connecticut (Rowayton) ("District") provides this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the narrative presented in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those statements that follow this section.

Introduction

The District was formally established in 1921 as one of the six taxing districts of the City of Norwalk, Connecticut, to provide its residents with street lighting, firefighting equipment, and waste collection. Today, the Fire Department is located in the Village's "downtown" and is staffed by the volunteer firefighters of Rowayton Hose Company No.1. Over time the District has acquired Neville Bayley Beach Park, Pinkney Park, the Community Center (that also houses the Library) and repurposed the building, which was formerly the library that is now the Arts Center. In addition, the District maintains parking facilities "downtown" as well as at the leased Rowayton Railroad station serving area commuters.

The District's operations and administration are focused on five main areas:

- Home and Community Services—providing street lighting and solid waste collection
- Public Safety—providing fire protection to the District
- Transportation—providing downtown and railroad station parking
- Culture and Recreation—maintaining Bayley Beach, the Community Center, the Arts Center, and Pinkney Park
- General Government Support—providing personnel services, commissioner services and administration

Overview of the Financial Statements of the District

This discussion and analysis (MD&A) serves as an introduction to the District's financial statements. The basic financial statements include three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the readers with a broad, all inclusive, overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position presents the total assets and liabilities with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in the net position during the current fiscal year. All revenues and expenses are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, later receipt of presently uncollected taxes). The focus of this statement is on the net cost of providing various activities to the residents of the District.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include general government support, public safety, transportation, culture and recreation, home and community services and interest.

The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this discussion and analysis.

Fund Financial Statements

<u>Governmental Funds</u>: Governmental fund financial statements focus on current inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as the available balances of these resources at the end of the fiscal year. This information is useful in determining the District's financing requirements for the subsequent fiscal period. Governmental funds use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The District has three individual governmental funds; General Fund, Parking Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

The District adopts an annual budget for the General Fund through a formal process involving the District electors who choose to attend the Annual District Meeting. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The Parking Fund is restricted to the operation of the station parking lots and the maintenance of the station and parking facilities. Per the leasing agreement with the Connecticut Department of Transportation, revenue received into the Parking Fund cannot be transferred to the District for other uses. The Parking Fund is self-supporting via the collection of annual parking permit sales and daily parking fees.

The District electors also formally approve and appropriate funds for capital projects which are then transferred to the Capital Projects Fund from the General Fund. Capital Project funds not expended are returned to the General Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements and can be found following the basic financial statements section of this report.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are as follows:

- The government-wide financial statements reflect a net position of \$3,691,153 at June 30, 2019, and reflected \$3,363,487 at June 30, 2018 (resulting in a net position increase of \$327,666).
- The governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,262,227, a decrease of \$137,717 from the prior year amount of \$1,399,944.
- The General Fund reported ending fund balance of \$704,961; the portion of this balance restricted for Debt Service was \$45,645. The unassigned portion was \$659,316 and was available for future uses specified by the district electors.
- During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the District paid down \$112,405 of its loans payable. The total outstanding loans payable to the City of Norwalk, Connecticut at June 30, 2019 totaled \$1,296,964.
- During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, \$236,644 was transferred from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to finance the cost of ongoing projects.
- The Capital Projects Fund's ending fund balance was \$166,847; a decrease of \$547,454 from the previous fiscal year.

Government-wide Project Analysis Financial Highlights

Some of the major capital projects that were completed for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, were:

- The District purchased a Cutter & Spreader for the Rowayton Hose Co.
- The District paid for the Art Center exterior to be painted.
- The Community Center Phase 4 Renovation that was started early in 2018 was completed in FY18-19.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

		2019	_	2018	\$ Change	% Change
Total Assets	\$	5,055,939	_	\$ 5,032,742	\$ 23,197	0.4%
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	\$	67,822 1,296,964	_	259,880 1,409,369		
Total Liabilitites		1,364,786	_	1,669,249	\$ (304,463)	-18%
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	***************************************	2,442,593 212,492 1,036,068	_	1,978,375 759,941 625,171		
Total Net Position	\$	3,691,153	_	\$ 3,363,487	\$ 327,666	9%

The restricted net position of \$212,492, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use. The restrictions are:

Debt Service	\$ 45,645
Capital Projects	 166,847
	\$ 212,492

The remaining balance representing unrestricted net position of \$1,036,068, may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Changes in Net Position

		2019		2018	_\$	Change	% Change
Program Revenues	_		_				
Charges for Services General Revenues	\$	362,800	\$	324,716			
Property Taxes		1,742,527		1,763,584			
Rebate Provision		5,035		4,972			
Interest and Penalties on Taxes		5,032		4,778			
Unrestricted Interest		310		212			
Miscellaneous		8,143		11,671			
Total Revenues	\$	<u>2,123,847</u>	\$	2,109,933	<u>\$</u>	13,914	0.6%
Program Expenses							
General Government Support	\$	223,695	\$	223,620			
Public Safety	·	247,067	•	242,213			
Transportation		167,276		202,062			
Culture & Recreation		706,040		640,126			
Home & Community Services		394,483		395,509			
Community Grants		20,000		50,875			
Interest		<u>37,620</u>	_	<u>34,544</u>			
Total Expenses	\$	1,796,181	\$	1,788,949	\$	7,232	0.4%
•		,			-		
Change in Net Position	\$	327,666	\$	320,984	\$	6,682	2%
Net Position – Beginning		3,363,487		3,042,503		320,984	10%
Net Position – Ending	<u>\$</u>	3,691,153	\$	3,363,487	<u>\$</u>	327,666	9%

Sources of Revenues for Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019

Governmental Activities

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$2,123,847. Tax revenues comprised of real property taxes, the rebate provision and interest and penalties on taxes, represented the largest revenue source at 78% of total revenue. The District expenses were \$1,796,181.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. As of June 30, 2019, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$704,961.

Actual results of operations resulted in an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$362,781; before the transfer out to the Capital Projects Fund of \$236,644 and a transfer in from the Capital Projects Fund of \$151,271; resulting in a net change in Fund Balance of \$277,408. Actual revenues exceeded the final budget by \$13,527 while expenditures had a positive variance of \$112.610.

Parking Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Parking Fund is assigned and can only be used for daily expenses and maintenance incurred by the Rowayton Railroad parking lots. As of June 30, 2019 the assigned fund balance was \$390,419 which was \$132,329 higher than the previous fiscal year.

Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Capital Projects Fund is used for capital project activity throughout the District. The Capital Projects Fund's ending fund balance was \$166,847 and \$714,301 for fiscal years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively and consisted of the following capital projects grouped and valued by cost center:

		2019	2018		
Bayley Beach	\$	15,775	\$	61,403	
Community Center		7,441		511,626	
District Wide		-		7,657	
Fire Department		30		(8,565)	
Municipal Lot		9,300		35,000	
Pinkney Park		_		19,213	
Reserve for Little League		24,301		21,301	
Reserve for Tennis Assoc. (RTA)		-		16,666	
Reserve for Future Projects		110,000		50,000	
	\$	166,847	\$	714,301	

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2019 was \$3,739,557, net of accumulated depreciation of \$2,249,454. This investment includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment. The year-to-year change in the fund balance was primarily attributable to the restoration and renovation of the Community Center.

	 2019	 2018
Land	\$ 573,108	\$ 573,108
Buildings and Improvements - net Machinery and Equipment - net	 2,710,774 455,675	 2,319,739 494,897
Total	\$ 3,739,557	\$ 3,387,744

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3,C of this report.

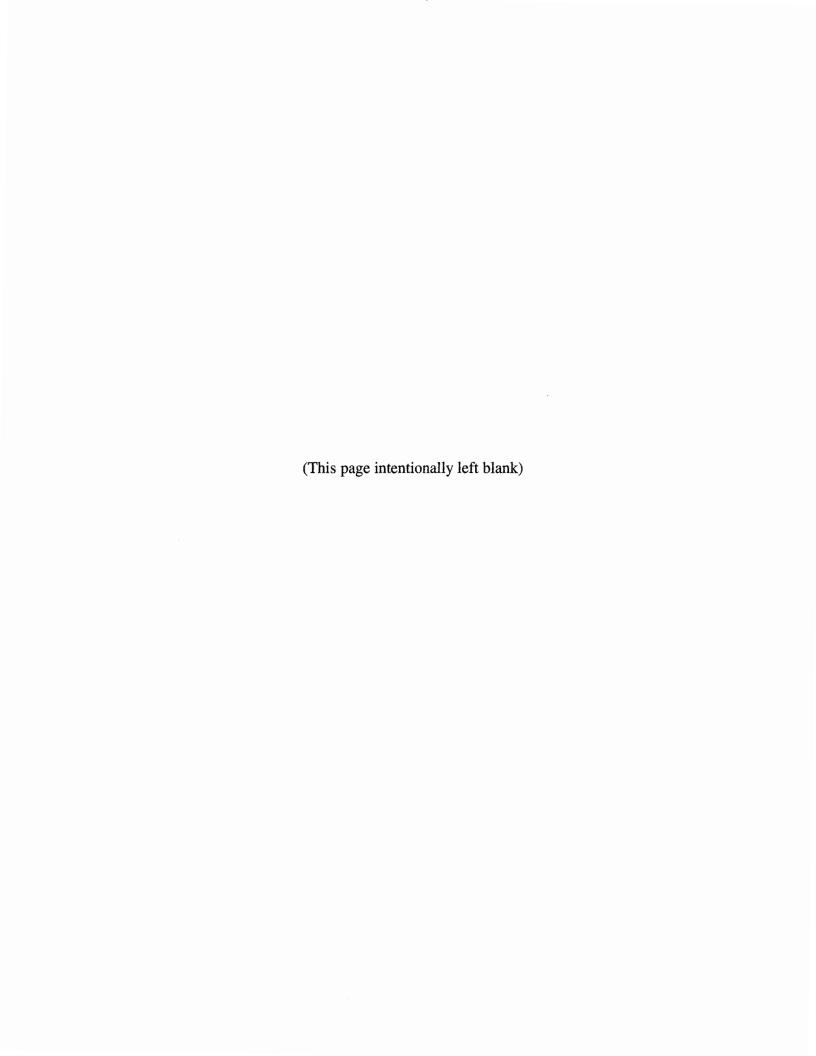
Long-term Debt

At June 30, 2019, the District had total debt outstanding of \$1,296,964.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Gil Kernan, Treasurer, Sixth Taxing District, City of Norwalk, PO Box 246, Rowayton, CT 06853. The telephone number is (203) 854-6666 Ext. 3.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

400570		nmental vities
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 1	,315,382 1,000
Capital assets Not being depreciated Being depreciated, net	3	573,108 ,166,449
Total Assets	5	,055,939
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		36,656
Due to City of Norwalk		17,499
Accrued interest payable Non-current liabilities		13,667
Due within one year		
Loans payable - City of Norwalk		112,405
Due in more than one year		
Loans payable - City of Norwalk	1	,184,559
Total Liabilities	1	,364,786
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	2	,442,593
Restricted		
Debt service		45,645
Capital projects Unrestricted	1	166,847 ,036,068
Officatioted	I	,000,000
Total Net Position	\$ 3	,691,153

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues Charges for Expenses Services		evenues narges for	F	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
Governmental activities	•	000.005	Φ.		•	(000,005)	
General government support	\$	223,695	\$	-	\$	(223,695)	
Public safety		247,067		230		(246,837)	
Transportation		167,276		279,334		112,058	
Culture and recreation		706,040		83,236		(622,804)	
Home and community		004 400				(004.400)	
services		394,483		-		(394,483)	
Community grants		20,000		-		(20,000)	
Interest		37,620		_		(37,620)	
Total Governmental							
Activities	\$	1,796,181	\$	362,800		(1,433,381)	
		neral revenues					
		Property taxe				1,742,527	
		Rebate provis				5,035	
		Interest and p				5,032	
		Unrestricted i		t		310	
		Miscellaneou		8,143			
		Total Gener	enues/	-	1,761,047		
		Change in N	Net Po	sition		327,666	
	Net	Position - Beg	3,363,487				
	ding		\$	3,691,153			

Balance Sheet and Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds
June 30, 2019

		General		Parking		Capital Projects	Go	Totals overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	794,607	\$	453,327	\$	67,448	\$	1,315,382
·	Ψ_	704,007	Ψ	-100,027	Ψ	07,110	Ψ	1,010,002
Receivables Accounts		1,000		_		_		1,000
Due from other funds	_	214,042		-		250,671		464,713
		215,042		-		250,671		465,713
Total Assets	\$	1,009,649	\$	453,327	\$	318,119	\$	1,781,095
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	36,518	\$	138	\$	-	\$	36,656
Due to City of Norwalk Due to other funds		17,499 250,671		62,770		- 151,272		17,499 464,713
Total Liabilities		304,688		62,908		151,272		518,868
Fund balances		,		,		, , , , , ,		
Restricted		45,645		-		166,847		212,492
Assigned		- 659,316		390,419		-		390,419 659,316
Unassigned	-							
Total Fund Balances		704,961		390,419		166,847		1,262,227
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,009,649	\$	453,327	\$	318,119		
Amounts Reported for Position are Different Capital assets use	nt Be ed in	ecause government	al ac	tivities are n	ot fin	ancial		
resources and,	ther	efore, are no	t rep	orted in the	funds	3.		3,739,557
Long-term liabiliti period are not r	ероі	ted in the fur		d payable ir	the	current		
Accrued into		payable						(13,667)
Loans paya							_	(1,296,964)
Net Position of Govern	nmer	ntal Activities					\$	3,691,153

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General	 Parking	Capital Projects	G	Totals overnmental Funds
REVENUES Property taxes Rebate provision Interest and penalties on taxes Parking fees	\$ 1,742,527 5,035 5,032	\$ - - 263,464	\$ - - -	\$	1,742,527 5,035 5,032 263,464
Interest Rentals Beach permits - Residents Beach permits - Non-residents Camp fees Miscellaneous	130 21,881 40,130 16,205 5,250 8,143	180 - - - - 15,870	- - - - -		310 21,881 40,130 16,205 5,250 24,013
Total Revenues	1,844,333	 279,514	 _		2,123,847
EXPENDITURES Current General government support	127,747	-	-		127,747
Public safety Transportation Culture and recreation	79,353 7,909 322,200	147,185	-		79,353 155,094 322,200
Home and community services Community grants	394,483 20,000	- -	-		394,483 20,000
Employee benefits Debt service	378,670	-	-		378,670
Principal Interest Capital outlay	 112,405 38,785 -	 - - -	- - 632,827		112,405 38,785 632,827
Total Expenditures	 1,481,552	 147,185	 632,827		2,261,564
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 362,781	 132,329	 (632,827)		(137,717)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	 151,271 (236,644)	- -	 236,644 (151,271)		387,915 (387,915)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(85,373)	 <u>-</u> _	 85,373		
Net Change in Fund Balances	277,408	132,329	(547,454)		(137,717)
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	 427,553	 258,090	 714,301		1,399,944
End of Year	\$ 704,961	\$ 390,419	\$ 166,847	\$	1,262,227

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because	
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (137,717)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay expenditures	641,761
Depreciation expense	(289,948)
·	
	 351,813
Loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Principal paid on loans	 112,405
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued interest	1,165
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 327,666

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

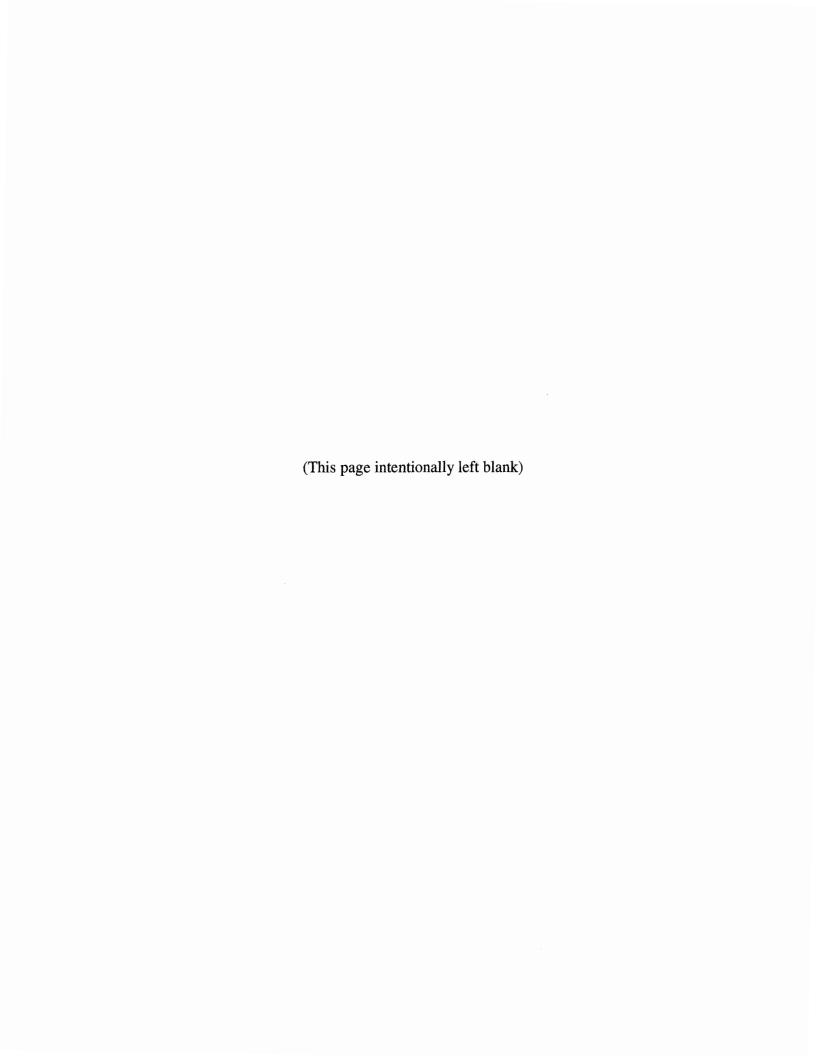
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	¢ 4.740.000	¢ 4.740.000	¢ 4.740.607	¢ (6.700)
Property taxes	\$ 1,749,296	\$ 1,749,296	\$ 1,742,527	\$ (6,769)
Rebate provision	8,000 5,000	8,000	5,035	(2,965) 32
Interest and penalties on taxes	5,000	5,000 10	5,032 130	120
Interest Rentals	9,000	9,000	21,881	12,881
Beach permits - Residents	30,000	30,000	40,130	10,130
Beach permits - Non-residents	17,500	17,500	16,205	(1,295)
Camp fees	11,000	11,000	5,250	(5,750)
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	8,143	7,143
Total Revenues	1,830,806	1,830,806	1,844,333	13,527
	.,000,000		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
EXPENDITURES Current				
General government support	40.750	40.750	44.000	4 440
District	12,750	12,750	11,338	1,412
Insurance	85,819 4,000	85,819 4,000	73,675	12,144 4,000
Legal services Audit	18,000	18,000	13,980	4,000
Administrative expenses	18,900	18,900	18,940	(40)
Technology	17,700	17,700	9,814	7,886
-	157,169	157,169	127,747	29,422
Public safety				
Fire department	57,400	57,400	63,396	(5,996)
Rebates to firefighters	8,000	8,000	5,035	2,965
Fire hydrant rental	7,600	7,600	7,560	40
Fire marshal	4,450	4,450	3,362	1,088
	77,450	77,450	79,353	(1,903)
Transportation	9.550	9.550	7 000	641
Municipal parking lot	8,550	8,550	7,909	641
Culture and recreation				
Nelville Bayley Park	48,900	48,900	31,813	17,087
Community center	60,750	60,750	51,562	9,188
Library	209,300	209,300	209,300	-
Arts center	2,500	2,500	4,547	(2,047)
Witch Lane Park	500	500	-	500
Pinkney Park	30,100	30,100	24,978	5,122
	352,050	352,050	322,200	29,850

(Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

EXPENDITURES (Continued) Current	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Home and community services Refuse collection Street lighting Disposal fees	\$ 167,250 45,000 195,000	\$ 167,250 45,000 195,000	\$ 167,250 45,380 181,853	\$ - (380) 13,147
	407,250	407,250	394,483	12,767
Community grants	20,000	20,000	20,000	
Employee benefits	414,437	414,437	378,670	35,767
Debt service Principal Interest Loan administrative fee	112,405 40,838 4,013 157,256	112,405 40,838 4,013 157,256	112,405 38,785 	2,053 4,013 6,066
Total Expenditures	1,594,162	1,594,162	1,481,552	112,610
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	236,644	236,644	362,781	126,137
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	(236,644)	(236,644)	151,271 (236,644)	151,271
Total Other Financing Uses	(236,644)	(236,644)	(85,373)	151,271
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	277,408	277,408
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year			427,553	427,553
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 704,961	\$ 704,961



Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Sixth Taxing District of the City of Norwalk, Connecticut (Rowayton) ("District") consists of Norwalk's Sixth (excluding sewered portion) and Seventh (sewered portion of the Sixth) Taxing Districts. The District provides library, fire protection, recreation, parking facilities and refuse services to its residents. The District is within the City of Norwalk, Connecticut ("City") and levies and collects all property taxes through the City's Tax Collector's office which remits the collections to the District.

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the District's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government which is the District, b) organizations for which the District is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities' which would be included in the financial statements.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the District as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The District maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the same page or the page following, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The District's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in one broad category, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Category

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary fund of the District and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District has the following Special Revenue Fund -

The Parking Fund - The Parking Fund is used to account for the receipts and operations of the Rowayton Railroad Station parking lot.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investment with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

Investments - The investment policies of the District conform to the policies as set forth by the State of Connecticut. The District's policy is to only allow prequalified financial institution broker/dealers and advisors. The District policy allows investments in the following: (1) obligations of the United States and its agencies; (2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof; and (3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net assets values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations.

The District follows U.S. GAAP guidance on fair value measurements which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quote prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

Risk Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the District does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy for custodial credit risk is to invest in obligations allowable under the Connecticut General Statutes.

The District's custodial risk policy is only to allow the District to use banks that are in the State of Connecticut. The State of Connecticut requires that each depository maintain segregated collateral in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the bank's risk based capital ratio.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The District does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under the Connecticut General Statutes.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The District follows the limitations specified in the Connecticut General Statutes. Generally, the District's deposits cannot be 75% or more of the total capital of any one depository.

Property Taxes Receivable/Payable - The District's property tax is levied and payable each July 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior October 1 for all real property located in the District. Liens are effective on the assessment date and are continued by filing prior to the following levy date. Assessed values are established at 70 percent of estimated market value to conform to State of Connecticut statutes.

The District's real property tax levy is collected by the City of Norwalk, Connecticut's ("City") Collector of Taxes and Assessments. The City is responsible for the billing and collection of all taxes and foreclosure proceedings. The City remits payments to the District based upon collections. The District reconciles the property tax revenue to the City's Annual Tax Collector's Report which showed a property tax payable for \$17,499 at June 30, 2019 and is reported in the General Fund as Due to City of Norwalk.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the District. Receivables are recorded and revenues

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

recognized as earned or as specific program expenses/expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the District has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2019, balances of interfund accounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Capital Assets - Capital assets have been acquired for general governmental purposes. Assets are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land is not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life in Years
Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	20-40 5-10

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheet.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Loans payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Loan issuance costs are expended as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize loan premiums and discounts, as well as loan issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position - Net Position represent the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net Position on the Statement of Net Position includes net investment in capital assets, restricted for debt service and capital projects. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance, if any, is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation.

Committed fund balance, if any, is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Commissioners are the District's highest level of decision making authority. These funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Commissioners.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represent amounts constrained by the Commissioners. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the District's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the District's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is February 12, 2020.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The District generally establishes the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements as follows:

- Prior to the commencement of a fiscal year, an estimate of proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for that year are prepared.
- A public hearing is held at a location within the District to obtain taxpayers' votes.
- Historically, the District's approved budget is submitted for approval to the City of Norwalk Board of Estimate and Taxation; however, the Commissioners of the Sixth Taxing District perform all of the business functions of the District without intervention by the Board of Estimate and Taxation.
- All expenditures over budgeted appropriations are approved at the next annual budget meeting.
- The General and Capital Projects funds are under budgetary control. All
 unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, except those for the Capital Projects
 Fund. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of the
 applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2019

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

B. Budgetary Overexpenditures

The following General Fund functional expenditure categories exceeded their budgetary authorization by the amounts indicated:

General Government Support	
Administrative	\$ 40
Public Safety	
Fire department	5,996
Culture and Recreation	
Arts center	2,047
Home and Community Services	
Street lighting	380

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Custodial Credit Risk and Concentrations of Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits will not be returned. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statues. GASB Statement No. 40 "Deposits and Investments Risk Disclosures – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 3" directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging institution's trust department but not in the District's name.

As of June 30, 2019, the District's bank balance of \$1,343,554 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Covered by Federal Depository Insurance Covered by Connecticut State Statutes	\$ 750,000 59,355
Uninsured and uncollateralized	 534,199
Total	\$ 1,343,554

The District uses three banks and deposits do not exceed more than 75% or more of the total capital of any one depository.

B. Due From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

Fund	 Due From	 Due To
General Parking Capital Projects	\$ 214,042 - 250,671	\$ 250,671 62,770 151,272
	\$ 464,713	\$ 464,713

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

C. Capital Assets

Changes in the District's capital assets are as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018		Additions		Balance June 30, 2019	
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated -						
Land	\$	573,108	\$	-	\$	573,108
Capital Assets, being depreciated:	_		_		_	
Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$	3,569,331 1,204,811	\$	615,783 25,978	\$	4,185,114 1,230,789
Machinery and equipment	_	1,204,011	_	23,970		1,230,709
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		4,774,142		641,761		5,415,903
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements		1,249,592		224,748		1,474,340
Machinery and equipment	_	709,914		65,200		775,114
Total Accumulated Depreciation	-	1,959,506		289,948		2,249,454
Capital Assets, being						
depreciated, net	<u>\$</u>	2,814,636	\$	351,813	<u>\$</u>	3,166,449
Capital Assets, net	\$	3,387,744	\$	351,813	\$	3,739,557

For the government-wide financial statements, depreciation expense was charged to the District's functions and programs as follows:

General government support	\$ 1,280
Public safety	54,114
Transportation	18,721
Culture and recreation	 215,833
	\$ 289,948

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers:

		Transfers In				
				Capital		
		General Projects				
Transfers Out		Fund	Fund		Total	
General Fund	\$	236,644	\$	-	\$	236,644
Capital Project Fund	_	_		151,271		151,271
	\$	236,644	\$	151,271	\$	387,915

Transfers were used to move funds from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to fulfill commitments for Capital Projects Fund expenditures and move amount in the Capital Projects Fund to the General Fund as projects with remaining balances are completed.

E. Net Position

The components of Net Position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of Net Position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of Net Position that reflects funds set aside in accordance with District Commissioners.

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of Net Position that reflects funds set aside for capital projects exclusive of unexpended loan proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F. Fund Balances

		2	2019		2018				
	General Fund	Parking Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	General Fund	Parking Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	
Restricted									
Debt service	\$ 45,645	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,645	\$ 45,640	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,640	
Capital projects		-	166,847	166,847	-	ės,	714,301	714,301	
Total Restricted	45,645		166,847	212,492	45,640		714,301	759,941	
Assigned									
Parking Fund		390,419		390,419		258,090	-	258,090	
Unassigned	659,316			659,316	381,913		-	381,913	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 704,961	\$ 390,419	\$ 166,847	\$ 1,262,227	\$ 427,553	\$ 258,090	\$ 714,301	\$ 1,399,944	

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Assigned for Parking Fund represents the component of fund balance that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Parking Fund.

Note 4 - Contingent Amount Payable to the State of Connecticut

The Parking Fund ("Fund") is used to account for the proceeds of revenue sources of the Rowayton Railroad Station parking lot. The Rowayton Railroad Station parking lot is located on property owned by the State of Connecticut ("State"). The State has leased this property to the District. Under the lease agreement, the District may be required to pay the State fifty percent of any surplus generated by the Fund if it is not used for maintenance and improvements to the lot. At June 30, 2019, the fund balance amounted to \$390,419.

Note 5 - Risk Management

The District purchases various insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The District maintains general liability insurance with policy limits of \$3 million and public officials' liability insurance coverage of \$1 million per occurrence and \$1 million in the aggregate. The District also maintains an umbrella policy which provides coverage up to \$10 million per claim (\$10 million in the aggregate). Workers' compensation is secured with statutory coverages. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District is self-insured for claims arising from unemployment benefit cases. Unemployment benefits are accounted for in the General Fund. There were no claims for unemployment benefits as of June 30, 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 6 - Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the District's long-term indebtedness for the year ended June 30, 2019:

		Maturities			
	Balance	and/or	Balance	Due Within	
	July 1, 2018	Payments	June 30, 2019	One Year	
Loans Payable	\$ 1,409,369	\$ 112,405	\$ 1,296,964	\$ 112,405	

Loans payable at June 30, 2019 that are borrowed from the City were comprised of the following:

Purpose	Year of Issue	Origina Issue Amoun	Final	Interest Rates	Amount Outstanding at June 30, 2019
1 dipose	13300	Amoun	Watunty		2013
Ambler project	2006	\$ 150,00	0 July, 2026	4.41 %	\$ 69,784
Fire truck	2009	300,00	0 July, 2029	2.45	187,182
Community Center	2011	400,00	0 July, 2031	3.43	260,000
Community Center Phase II	2012	400,00	0 July, 2027	2.08	239,998
Community Center Phase III	2016	300,00	0 January, 2032	2.23	260,000
Community Center Phase IV	2018	300,00	0 April, 2033	2.63	280,000
					\$ 1,296,964

Interest expenditures of \$38,785 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$37,620 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all outstanding debt as of June 30, 2019, including interest payments of \$225,072 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2020	\$ 112,405	\$	35,699	\$	148,104	
2021	112,405		32,584		144,989	
2022	112,405		29,444		141,849	
2023	112,405		26,279		138,684	
2024	112,405		23,092		135,497	
2025-2029	517,909		67,710		585,619	
2030-2033	 217,030		10,264		227,294	
	\$ 1,296,964	\$	225,072	\$	1,522,036	

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) June 30, 2019

Note 6 - Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The above loans are direct obligations of the District for which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the District.

The District's overall debt limitation cannot exceed seven times the total of taxes, interest and penalties on taxes and the rebate provision collected during the fiscal year. As reported in the District's Debt Limitation Schedule for the year ended June 30, 2019, this limitation was \$12,268,158. The category of debt pertinent to the District's operations is restricted to 2.25 times, or \$3,943,337.

Compensated Absences

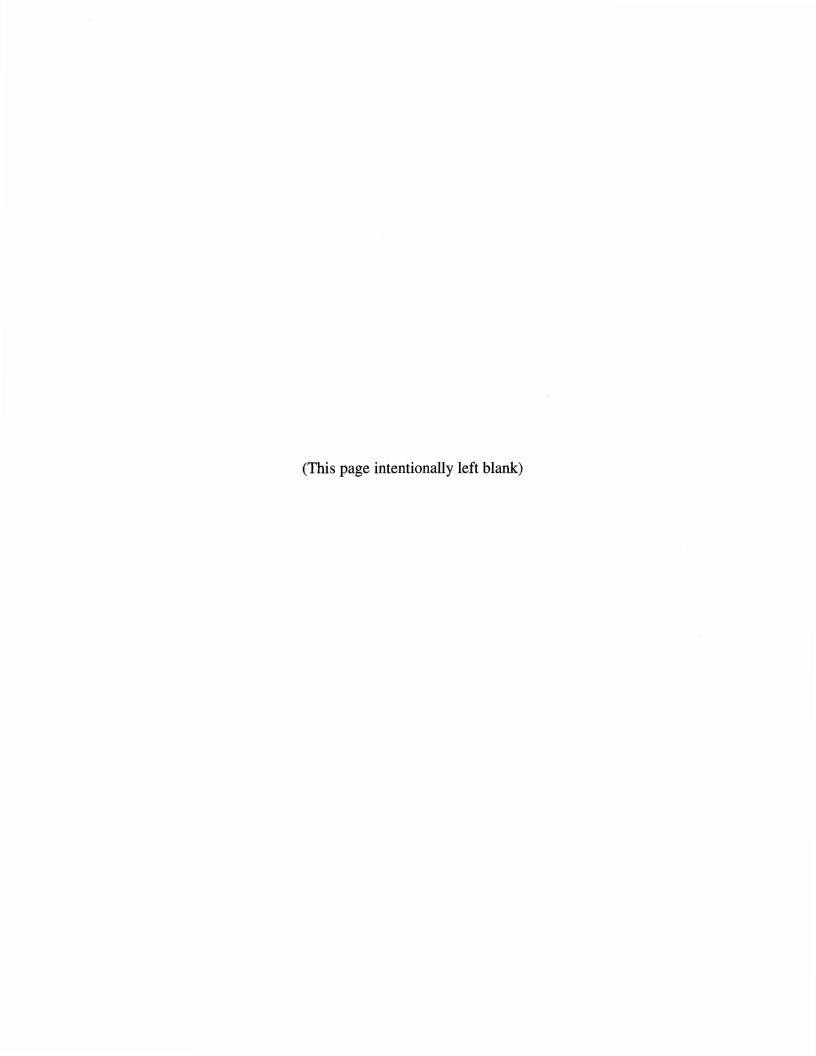
There is no liability for unpaid accumulated vacation or sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay such amounts when employees separate from service.

Note 7 - Pension Plan and Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations

The District does not participate in the State of Connecticut Municipal Employees Retirement System and does not offer any deferred compensation plan or other post-employment benefits.

Note 8 - Litigation

The District receives notices of claims for money damages occurring from property damage or personal injury. All the claims currently pending have been referred to the insurance carrier and none are expected to have a material effect on the District's financial position if adversely settled.



General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

		2019	 2018	
ASSETS				
Cash and equivalents	\$	794,607	\$ 1,080,859	
Receivables Accounts		1,000	1,500	
Due from other funds		214,042	 62,207	
	-	215,042	63,707	
Total Assets	\$	1,009,649	\$ 1,144,566	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	36,518	\$ 31,828	
Due to City of Norwalk Due to other funds		17,499 250,671	21,158 664,027	
Total Liabilities		304,688	717,013	
Fund balance				
Restricted		45,645	45,640	
Unassigned		659,316	 381,913	
Total Fund Balance		704,961	427,553	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,009,649	\$ 1,144,566	

General Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended June 30,

	2019				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Property taxes Rebate provision Interest and penalties on taxes Interest Rentals Beach permits - Residents Beach permits - Non-residents Camp fees Miscellaneous	\$ 1,749,296 8,000 5,000 10 9,000 30,000 17,500 11,000 1,000	\$ 1,749,296 8,000 5,000 10 9,000 30,000 17,500 11,000 1,000	\$ 1,742,527 5,035 5,032 130 21,881 40,130 16,205 5,250 8,143	\$ (6,769) (2,965) 32 120 12,881 10,130 (1,295) (5,750) 7,143	
Total Revenues	1,830,806	1,830,806	1,844,333	13,527	
EXPENDITURES Current General government support District Insurance Legal services Audit Administrative Technology Property tax refunds Public safety Fire department Rebates to firefighters Fire hydrant rental Fire marshal	12,750 85,819 4,000 18,000 18,900 17,700 	12,750 85,819 4,000 18,000 18,900 17,700 	11,338 73,675 - 13,980 18,940 9,814 127,747 63,396 5,035 7,560 3,362	1,412 12,144 4,000 4,020 (40) 7,886 ———————————————————————————————————	
Transportation	77,450	77,450	79,353	(1,903)	
Municipal parking lot	8,550	8,550	7,909	641_	
Culture and recreation Nelville Bayley Park Community center Library Arts center Witch Lane Park Pinkney Park	48,900 60,750 209,300 2,500 500 30,100	48,900 60,750 209,300 2,500 500 30,100 352,050	31,813 51,562 209,300 4,547 24,978	17,087 9,188 (2,047) 500 5,122	

2018										
	riginal udget	Final Budget			Actual	Fin F	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
\$ 1,	767,668 8,500 5,000 10 12,000 15,000 18,000 7,000 200	\$	1,767,668 8,500 5,000 10 12,000 15,000 18,000 7,000 200	\$	1,763,584 4,972 4,778 79 12,089 40,720 16,155 1,625 11,671	\$	(4,084) (3,528) (222) 69 89 25,720 (1,845) (5,375) 11,471			
1,8	333,378		1,833,378		1,855,673		22,295			
	23,500 87,697		23,500 76,697		18,501 74,616		4,999 2,081			
	4,000 18,000 18,800 14,500 40,000		4,000 18,000 18,800 14,500 40,000		1,056 14,063 14,246 13,589		2,944 3,937 4,554 911 40,000			
2	206,497		195,497		136,071		59,426			
	50,400 8,500 7,600 3,150		45,900 8,500 7,600 3,150		45,721 4,972 7,560 2,607		179 3,528 40 543			
	69,650		65,150		60,860		4,290			
	9,850		11,850		11,925		(75)			
2	49,450 79,150 204,700 3,000 500 26,200		42,450 48,150 204,700 3,000 500 26,200		33,347 37,436 204,700 2,066 - 27,317		9,103 10,714 - 934 500 (1,117)			
	863,000		325,000		304,866		20,134			

(Continued)

General Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued)
Years Ended June 30,

	2019					
EXPENDITURES (Continued)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Current						
Home and community services Refuse collection	\$ 167,250	\$ 167,250	\$ 167,250	\$ -		
Street lighting	45,000	45,000	45,380	(380)		
Disposal fees	195,000	195,000	181,853	13,147		
	407,250	407,250	394,483	12,767		
Community grants	20,000	20,000	20,000			
Employee benefits	414,437	414,437	378,670	35,767		
Debt service Principal Interest	112,405 40,838	112,405 40,838	112,405 38,785	- 2,053		
Loan administrative fee	4,013	4,013		4,013		
	157,256	157,256	151,190	6,066		
Total Expenditures	1,594,162	1,594,162	1,481,552	112,610		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	236,644	236,644	362,781	126,137		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	(000 044)	(000 044)	151,271	151,271		
Transfers out	(236,644)	(236,644)	(236,644)	-		
Total Other Financing Uses	(236,644)	(236,644)	(85,373)	151,271		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	277,408	277,408		
FUND BALANCE						
Beginning of Year	-		427,553	427,553		
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 704,961	\$ 704,961		

	2018									
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
\$	164,750 47,500 195,000	\$ 164,750 43,500 184,000	\$ 164,750 46,129 184,630	\$ - (2,629) (630)						
	407,250	392,250	395,509	(3,259)						
	50,875	50,875	50,875	-						
	417,978	347,978	347,395	583						
•	112,405 43,363 4,177	92,405 33,663 4,177	92,405 33,614 2,077	2,100						
	159,945	130,245	128,096	2,149						
	,685,045 148,333	<u>1,518,845</u> <u>314,533</u>	1,435,597 420,076	105,543						
	- (148,333)	(314,533)	(314,533)	-						
	(148,333)	(314,533)	(314,533)	-						
	-	-	105,543	105,543						
ALL LANGE CO.			322,010	322,010						
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 427,553	\$ 427,553						

Parking Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

		2019	 2018
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	453,327	\$ 320,969
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures Due to other funds	\$	138 62,770	\$ 672 62,207
Total Liabilities		62,908	62,879
Fund balance Assigned	-	390,419	 258,090
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	453,327	\$ 320,969

Parking Fund

Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30,

DEVENUES	 2019		2018
REVENUES Parking fees Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 263,464 180 15,870	\$	241,071 133 13,056
Total Revenues	279,514		254,260
EXPENDITURES			
Current Transportation	 147,185	-	172,510
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	132,329		81,750
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	258,090		176,340
End of Year	\$ 390,419	\$	258,090

Capital Project Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	2019	2018
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Due from other funds	\$ 67,448 250,671	\$ 241,670 664,027
Total Assets	\$ 318,119	\$ 905,697
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities Accounts Payable Due to other funds	\$ - 151,272	\$ 191,396
Total Liabilities	151,272	191,396
Fund balance Restricted	 166,847	 714,301
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 318,119	\$ 905,697

Capital Projects Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended June 30,

	2019	2018
REVENUES	\$ -	\$ -
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	632,827	524,728
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(632,827)	(524,728)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Loans issued Transfers in Transfers out	236,644 (151,271)	300,000 314,533
Total Other Financing Sources	85,373	614,533
Net Change in Fund Balance	(547,454)	89,805
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	714,301	624,496
End of Year	\$ 166,847	\$ 714,301

Schedule of General Fund Tax Collector's Activity Year Ended June 30, 2019

Grand List Year	Uncollected Taxes at June 30, 2018	(+) Refunds	(+) Net Abatements	(-) Misc Adjustments	(-) Taxes Collected	(-) Outlawed Transfer Suspense	Net Taxes Receivable (Payable) at June 30, 2019	Interest Collected
2003	\$ (1,619)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,619	\$ -	\$ -
2004	(739)	-	-	-	-	-	(739)	-
2005	(739)	-	-	-	-	-	(739)	-
2006	(626)	-	-	-	-	-	(626)	-
2007	(778)	-	-	-	-	-	(778)	-
2008	(1,365)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,365)	-
2009	(1,581)	-	-	4	-	-	(1,585)	-
2010	(169)	-	-	22	-	-	(191)	-
2011	(2,132)	-	-	54	-	-	(2,186)	-
2012	(675)	-	-	144	-	-	(819)	-
2013	(82)	-	-	204	-	-	(286)	-
2014	(375)	-	-	99	-	-	(474)	-
2015	151	-	22	50	1,090	_	(967)	362
2016	(10,429)	3,236	23	1	1,748	-	(8,918)	553
Subtotal	(21,158)	3,236	45	578	2,838	1,619	(19,673)	915
2017	1,744,081	71	(887)	2,887	1,738,203		2,174	4,117
	\$ 1,722,923	3,307	\$ (842)	\$ 3,465	\$ 1,741,041	\$ 1,619	\$ (17,499)	\$ 5,032

Schedule of Debt Limitation June 30, 2019

Receipts - Year ended June 30, 2019 Taxes, interest and penalties on taxes and rebate provision										1,752,594
Base									\$	1,752,594
Dobt Limitation		General		Schools		Sewers		Urban Renewal		Pension Funding
Debt Limitation: 2-1/4 times base 4-1/2 times base 3-3/4 times base 3-1/4 times base 3 times base	\$	3,943,337	\$	7,886,673 - - -	\$	- 6,572,228 - -	\$	- - - 5,695,931 -	\$	- - - - 5,257,782
Total Limitation		3,943,337		7,886,673		6,572,228		5,695,931		5,257,782
Indebtedness - Loans outstanding		1,296,964						<u>-</u>		
Excess of Limitation Over Indebtedness at June 30, 2019	\$	2,646,373	\$	7,886,673	\$	6,572,228	\$	5,695,931	\$	5,257,782

Note - The total indebtedness for all classes cannot exceed seven times the base, or \$12,268,158. The category of debt pertinent to the District's operations in the General Fund is restricted to 2.25 times, or \$3,943,337.