Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2018

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Commissioners of the Sixth Taxing District of the City of Norwalk, Connecticut (Rowayton)

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Sixth Taxing District of the City of Norwalk, Connecticut (Rowayton) ("District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit for the year ended June 30, 2018 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and other supplemental information for the year ended June 30, 2018 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and other supplemental information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2018.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated February 15, 2018, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended June 30, 2017 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2017 financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected

to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2017 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2017.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP Stamford, Connecticut February 1, 2019 (This page intentionally left blank)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Year ended June 30, 2018

The management of the Sixth Taxing District of the City of Norwalk, Connecticut (Rowayton) ("District") provides this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to read the narrative presented in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those statements that follow this section.

Introduction

The District was formally established in 1921 as one of the six taxing districts of the City of Norwalk, Connecticut, to provide its residents with street lighting, firefighting equipment, and waste collection. Today, the Fire Department is located in the village "downtown" and is staffed by the volunteer firefighters of Rowayton Hose Company No.1. Over time the District has acquired Neville Bayley Beach Park, Pinkney Park, the Community Center (that also houses the Library) and repurposed the building, which was formerly the library that is now the Arts Center. In addition, the District maintains parking facilities "downtown" as well as at the leased Rowayton Railroad station serving area commuters.

The District's operations and administration are focused on five main areas:

- Home and Community Services—providing street lighting and solid waste collection
- Public Safety—providing fire protection to the District
- Transportation—providing downtown and railroad station parking
- Culture and Recreation—maintaining Bayley Beach, the Community Center, the Arts Center, and Pinkney Park
- General Government Support—providing personnel services, commissioner services and administration

Overview of the Financial Statements of the District

This discussion and analysis (MD&A) serves as an introduction to the District's financial statements. The basic financial statements include three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the readers with a broad, all inclusive, overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position presents the total assets and liabilities with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in the net position during the current fiscal year. All revenues and expenses are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, later receipt of presently uncollected taxes). The focus of this statement is on the net cost of providing various activities to the residents of the District.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include general government support, public safety, transportation, culture and recreation, home and community services and interest.

The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this discussion and analysis.

Fund Financial Statements

<u>Governmental Funds</u>: Governmental fund financial statements focus on current inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as the available balances of these resources at the end of the fiscal year. This information is useful in determining the District's financing requirements for the subsequent fiscal period. Governmental funds use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The District has three individual governmental funds; General Fund, Parking Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

The District adopts an annual budget for the General Fund through a formal process involving the District electors who choose to attend the Annual District Meeting. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The Parking Fund is restricted to the operation of the station parking lots and the maintenance of the station and parking facilities. Per the leasing agreement with the Connecticut Department of Transportation, revenue received into the Parking Fund cannot be transferred to the District for other uses. The Parking Fund is self-supporting via the collection of annual parking permit sales and daily parking fees.

The District electors also formally approve and appropriate funds for capital projects which are then transferred to the Capital Projects Fund from the General Fund. Capital Project funds not expended are returned to the General Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements and can be found following the basic financial statements section of this report.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are as follows:

- The government-wide financial statements reflect a net position of \$3,363,487 at June 30, 2018, and reflected \$3,042,503 at June 30, 2017 (resulting in a net position increase of \$320,984).
- The governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,399,944, an increase of \$277,098 from the prior year amount of \$1,122,846.
- The General Fund reported ending fund balance of \$427,553; the portion of this balance restricted for Debt Service was \$45,640. The unassigned portion was \$381,913 and was available for future uses specified by the district electors.
- During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the District paid down \$92,405 of its loans payable. The total outstanding loans payable to the City of Norwalk, Connecticut at June 30, 2018 totaled \$1,409,369.
- During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, \$314,533 was transferred from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to finance the cost of ongoing projects.
- The Capital Projects Fund's ending fund balance was \$714,301; an increase of \$89,805 from the previous fiscal year.

Government-wide Project Analysis Financial Highlights

Some of the major capital projects that were completed for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, were:

- The District purchased Bailout Rescue Kits for the Rowayton Hose Co.
- The District purchased a new sand spreader for the District truck.
- The Community Center Phase 4 Renovation was started early in 2018 and carried over into FY18-19.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	 2018	 2017		Change
Current Assets	\$ 1,644,998	\$ 1,158,207		
Capital Assets	 3,387,744	 3,137,409		
Total Assets	\$ 5,032,742	\$ 4,295,616	\$	737,126
Current Liabilities	\$ 259,880	\$ 51,339		
Long-term Liabilities	 1,409,369	 1,201,774		
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,669,249	\$ 1,253,113	\$	416,136
Net Investment in				
Capital Assets	\$ 1,978,375	\$ 1,935,635		
Restricted	759,941	670,131		
Unrestricted	 625,171	 436,737		
Total Net Position	\$ 3,363,487	\$ 3,042,503	\$	320,984

The restricted net position of \$759,941, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use. The restrictions are:

Debt Service	\$ 45,640
Capital Projects	 714,301
	\$ <u>759,941</u>

The remaining balance representing unrestricted net position of \$625,171, may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	 2018	2018 2017		\$ \$ Change	
Current Assets	\$ 1,644,998	\$	1,158,207		
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Total Assets	\$ 5,032,742	\$	4,295,616	\$ 737,126	
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Debt Service	\$	45,640
Capital Projects		714,301
	<u>\$</u>	<u>759,941</u>

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Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. As of June 30, 2018, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$427,553.

Actual results of operations resulted in an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$420,076; before the transfer out to the Capital Projects Fund of \$314,533; resulting in a net change in Fund Balance of \$105,543. Actual revenues exceeded the final budget by \$22,295 while expenditures had a positive variance of \$105,543.

Parking Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Parking Fund is assigned and can only be used for daily expenses and maintenance incurred by the Rowayton Railroad parking lots. As of June 30, 2018 the assigned fund balance was \$258,090 which was \$81,750 higher than the previous fiscal year.

Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Capital Projects Fund is used for capital project activity throughout the District. The Capital Projects Fund's ending fund balance was \$714,301 and \$624,496 for fiscal years ending June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively and consisted of the following capital projects grouped and valued by cost center:

-		2018	 2017		
Bayley Beach	\$	61,403	\$ 23,903		
Community Center		511,626	474,675		
District Wide		7,657	7,658		
Fire Department		(8,565)	1,514		
Municipal Lot		35,000	35,700		
Pinkney Park		19,213	5,213		
Reserve for Little League		21,301	17,500		
Reserve for Tennis Assoc. (RTA)		16,666	8,333		
Reserve for Future Projects		50,000	 50,000		
	<u>\$</u>	714,301	\$ 624,496		

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2018 was \$3,387,744, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,959,506. This investment includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment. The year-to-year change in the fund balance was primarily attributable to the restoration and renovation of the Community Center.

	201	8	2017
Land	•	73,108 \$	573,108
Buildings and Improvements - net Machinery and Equipment - net	,	19,739 94,897	2,045,091 <u>519,210</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,3</u>	<u>87,744</u> \$	3,137,409

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3,C of this report.

Long-term Debt

At June 30, 2018, the District had total debt outstanding of \$1,409,369.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Jim Hendrickson, Treasurer, Sixth Taxing District, City of Norwalk, PO Box 246, Rowayton, CT 06853. The telephone number is (203) 854-6666 Ext. 3.

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Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable Capital assets	\$ 1,643,498 1,500
Not being depreciated Being depreciated, net	573,108 2,814,636
Total Assets	5,032,742
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to City of Norwalk Accrued interest payable Non-current liabilities Due within one year Loans payable - City of Norwalk Due in more than one year	223,896 21,158 14,832 112,405
Loans payable - City of Norwalk	1,296,964
Total Liabilities	1,669,255
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted	1,978,375
Debt service	45,640 714,301
Capital projects Unrestricted	625,171
Total Net Position	\$ 3,363,487

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2018

Functions/Programs	Exp	enses	Re Ch	rogram evenues arges for ervices	F	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities General government support Public safety Transportation Culture and recreation Home and community services Community grants Interest	\$	223,620 242,213 202,062 640,126 395,509 50,875 34,544	\$	194 254,127 70,395 - - -	\$	(223,620) (242,019) 52,065 (569,731) (395,509) (50,875) (34,544)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 1</u>	788,949	\$	324,716		(1,464,233)
	Pro Re Inte Un	al revenues operty taxe bate provis erest and p restricted i scellaneous	s sion penaltie nteres	es on taxes t		1,763,584 4,972 4,778 212 11,671
	Т	otal Gener	ral Rev	venues		1,785,217
	C	hange in N	Net Po	sition		320,984
	Net Po		3,042,503			
	Net Po	sition - End	ding		\$	3,363,487

Balance Sheet and Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds

June 30, 2018

100570	<u> </u>	General	 Parking	 Capital Projects	G0	Totals overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	1,080,859	\$ 320,969	\$ 241,670	\$	1,643,498
Receivables Accounts Due from other funds		1,500 62,207	 	 - 664,027		1,500 726,234
		63,707	 	 664,027		727,734
Total Assets	\$	1,144,566	\$ 320,969	\$ 905,697	\$	2,371,232
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenditures Due to City of Norwalk Due to other funds	\$	31,828 21,158 664,027	\$ 672 - 62,207	\$ 191,396 - -	\$	223,896 21,158 726,234
Total Liabilities		717,013	 62,879	 191,396		971,288
Fund balances Restricted Assigned Unassigned		45,640 - 381,913	 258,090	 714,301 _ 		759,941 258,090 381,913
Total Fund Balances		427,553	 258,090	 714,301		1,399,944
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,144,566	\$ 320,969	\$ 905,697		

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds

resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	3,387,744
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.	
	(4.4.000)
Accrued interest payable	(14,832)
Loans payable	(1,409,369)

Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,363,487

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES Property taxes Rebate provision Interest and penalties on taxes Parking fees Interest Rentals Beach permits - Residents Beach permits - Non-residents Camp fees Miscellaneous	General \$ 1,763,584 4,972 4,778 - 79 12,089 40,720 16,155 1,625 11,671	Parking \$	Capital Projects - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Totals Governmental Funds \$ 1,763,584 4,972 4,778 241,071 212 12,089 40,720 16,155 1,625 24,727
Total Revenues	1,855,673	254,260		2,109,933
EXPENDITURES Current General government support Public safety Transportation Culture and recreation Home and community services Community grants Employee benefits Debt service Principal Interest Loan administration fee Capital outlay	136,071 60,860 11,925 304,866 395,509 50,875 347,395 92,405 33,614 2,077	- - 172,510 - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	136,071 60,860 184,435 304,866 395,509 50,875 347,395 92,405 33,614 2,077 524,728
Total Expenditures	1,435,597	172,510	524,728	2,132,835
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Loans issued Transfers in Transfers out	<u>420,076</u> - - (314,533)	<u>81,750</u> - -	(524,728) 300,000 314,533	(22,902) 300,000 314,533 (314,533)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(314,533)		614,533	300,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	105,543	81,750	89,805	277,098
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	<u>322,010</u>	<u> </u>	<u>624,496</u>	1,122,846
End of Year	<u>\$ 427,553</u>	\$ 258,090	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 1,399,944

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2018

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	277,098
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This amount may be less than total capital outlay since capital outlay includes amounts that are under the capitalization threshold. Capital outlay expenditures		500,756
Depreciation expense	.	(250,421)
Loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		250,335
Loans issued		(300,000) 92,405
Principal paid on loans	a1 <u></u>	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(207,595)
Accrued interest		1,146
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	320,984

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Property taxes Rebate provision Interest and penalties on taxes Interest	\$ 1,767,668 8,500 5,000 10	\$ 1,767,668 8,500 5,000 10	\$ 1,763,584 4,972 4,778 79	\$ (4,084) (3,528) (222) 69
Rentals Beach permits - Residents Beach permits - Non-residents Camp fees Miscellaneous	12,000 15,000 18,000 7,000 200	12,000 15,000 18,000 7,000 200	12,089 40,720 16,155 1,625 11,671	89 25,720 (1,845) (5,375) 11,471
Total Revenues	1,833,378	1,833,378	1,855,673	22,295
EXPENDITURES Current				
General government support District Insurance Legal services Audit Administrative expenses Technology Property tax refunds Public safety	23,500 87,697 4,000 18,000 18,800 14,500 40,000 206,497	23,500 76,697 4,000 18,000 18,800 14,500 40,000 195,497	18,501 74,616 1,056 14,063 14,246 13,589 	4,999 2,081 2,944 3,937 4,554 911 40,000 59,426
Fire department Rebates to firefighters Fire hydrant rental Fire marshal	50,400 8,500 7,600 3,150	45,900 8,500 7,600 <u>3,150</u>	45,721 4,972 7,560 2,607	179 3,528 40 543
Toologia and the s	69,650	65,150	60,860	4,290
Transportation Municipal parking lot	9,850	<u> </u>	11,925	(75)
Culture and recreation Nelville Bayley Park Community center Library Arts center Witch Lane Park Pinkney Park	49,450 79,150 204,700 3,000 500 26,200	42,450 48,150 204,700 3,000 500 26,200	33,347 37,436 204,700 2,066 - 27,317	9,103 10,714 - 934 500 (1 117)
Pinkney Park	363,000	26,200	304,866	(1,117) 20,134
	000,000			

(Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

EXPENDITURES (Continued) Current	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Home and community services Refuse collection Street lighting Disposal fees	\$ 164,750 47,500 195,000	\$ 164,750 43,500 184,000	\$ 164,750 46,129 184,630	\$ (2,629) (630)
	407,250	392,250	395,509	(3,259)
Community grants	50,875	50,875	50,875	-
Employee benefits	417,978	347,978	347,395	583
Debt service Principal Interest Loan administrative fee	112,405 43,363 159,945	92,405 33,663 <u>4,177</u> 130,245	92,405 33,614 	49 2,100 2,149
Total Expenditures	1,685,045	1,518,845	1,435,597	83,248
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	148,333	314,533	420,076	105,543
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	(148,333)	(314,533)	(314,533)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	105,543	105,543
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year			322,010	322,010
End of Year	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 427,553	\$ 427,553

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

A.

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Sixth Taxing District of the City of Norwalk, Connecticut (Rowayton) ("District") consists of Norwalk's Sixth (excluding sewered portion) and Seventh (sewered portion of the Sixth) Taxing Districts. The District provides library, fire protection, recreation, parking facilities and refuse services to its residents. The District is within the City of Norwalk, Connecticut ("City") and levies and collects all property taxes through the City's Tax Collector's office which remits the collections to the District.

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the District's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government which is the District, b) organizations for which the District is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities' which would be included in the financial statements.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the District as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The District maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the same page or the page following, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The District's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in one broad category, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Category

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the District and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District has the following Special Revenue Fund -

The Parking Fund - The Parking Fund is used to account for the receipts and operations of the Rowayton Railroad Station parking lot.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investment with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

Investments - The investment policies of the District conform to the policies as set forth by the State of Connecticut. The District's policy is to only allow prequalified financial institution broker/dealers and advisors. The District policy allows investments in the following: (1) obligations of the United States and its agencies; (2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof; and (3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net assets values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations.

The District follows U.S. GAAP guidance on *fair value measurements* which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

related to assets with unadjusted quote prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

Risk Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the District does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy for custodial credit risk is to invest in obligations allowable under the Connecticut general statutes.

The District's custodial risk policy is only to allow the District to use banks that are in the State of Connecticut. The State of Connecticut requires that each depository maintain segregated collateral in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the bank's risk based capital ratio.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The District does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under the Connecticut general statutes.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The District follows the limitations specified in the Connecticut general statutes. Generally, the District's deposits cannot be 75% or more of the total capital of any one depository.

Property Taxes Receivable/Payable - The District's property tax is levied and payable each July 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior October 1 for all real property located in the District. Liens are effective on the assessment date and are continued by filing prior to the following levy date. Assessed values are established at 70 percent of estimated market value to conform to State statutes.

The District's real property tax levy is collected by the City's Collector of Taxes and Assessments. The City is responsible for the billing and collection of all taxes and foreclosure proceedings. The City remits payments to the District based upon collections. The District reconciles the property tax revenue to the City's Annual Tax Collector's Report which showed a property tax payable for \$21,158 at June 30, 2018 and is reported in the General Fund as Due to City of Norwalk.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the District. Receivables are recorded and revenues

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

recognized as earned or as specific program expenses/expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the District has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2018, balances of interfund accounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Capital Assets - Capital assets have been acquired for general governmental purposes. Assets are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land is not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life in Years
Buildings and improvements	20-40
Machinery and equipment	5-10

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheet.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expended as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position - Net Position represent the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net Position on the Statement of Net Position includes net investment in capital assets, restricted for debt service and capital projects. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance, if any, includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance, if any, is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation.

Committed fund balance, if any, is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Commissioners are the District's highest level of decision making authority. These funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Commissioners.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represent amounts constrained by the Commissioners. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the District's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the District's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is February 1, 2019.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The District generally establishes the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements as follows:

- Prior to the commencement of a fiscal year, an estimate of proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for that year are prepared.
- A public hearing is held at a location within the District to obtain taxpayers' votes.
- Historically, the District's approved budget is submitted for approval to the City of Norwalk Board of Estimate and Taxation; however, the Commissioners of the Sixth Taxing District perform all of the business functions of the District without intervention by the Board of Estimate and Taxation.
- All expenditures over budgeted appropriations are approved at the next annual budget meeting.
- The General and Capital Projects funds are under budgetary control. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, except those for the Capital Projects Fund. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of the applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

B. Budgetary Overexpenditures

The following General Fund functional expenditure categories exceeded their budgetary authorization by the amounts indicated:

Transportation	
Municipal parking lot	\$ 75
Culture and Recreation	
Pinkney Park	1,117
Home and Community Services	
Street lighting	2,629
Disposal fees	630

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Custodial Credit Risk and Concentrations of Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging institution's trust department but not in the District's name.

As of June 30, 2018, the District's bank balance of \$1,805,555 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Covered by Federal Depository Insurance	\$ 500,00		
Covered by Connecticut State Statutes		130,556	
Uninsured and uncollateralized		1,174,999	
Total	\$	1,805,555	

\$1,332,754 or 74% of the June 30, 2018 bank balance for governmental activities are maintained at one financial institution.

B. Due From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

Fund		Due From		Due To
General Parking	\$	62,207 -	\$	664,027 62,207
Capital Projects		664,027		
	\$	726,234	\$	726,234

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2018

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Capital Assets

Changes in the District's capital assets are as follows:

	Ju	ance ly 1,)17	Α	dditions	 Deletions	 Balance June 30, 2018
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated - Land	\$ 5	73,108	\$		-	\$ 573,108
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment		74,145 40,786	\$	463,012 37,744	\$ 167,826 73,719	\$ 3,569,331 1,204,811
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	4,5	14,931		500,756	 241,545	 4,774,142
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment		29,054		188,364 62,057	 167,826 73,719	 1,249,592 709,914
Total Accumulated Depreciation	1,9	50,630		250,421	 241,545	 1,959,506
Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 2,5	64,301	\$	250,335	\$ -	\$ 2,814,636
Capital Assets, net	<u>\$ 3,1</u>	37,409	\$	250,335	\$ 	\$ 3,387,744

For the government-wide financial statements, depreciation expense was charged to the District's functions and programs as follows:

Public Safety	\$ 56,061
Transportation	17,627
Culture and Recreation	 176,733
	\$ 250,421

D. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers:

	Transfers In
	Capital
	Projects
Transfers Out	Fund
General Fund	\$ 314,533

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Transfers were used to move funds from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to fulfill commitments for Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

E. Net Position

The components of Net Position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of Net Position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of Net Position that reflects funds set aside in accordance with District Commissioners.

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of Net Position that reflects funds set aside for capital projects exclusive of unexpended loan proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

F. Fund Balances

				2	018			2017							
		Capital				Capital									
	Ge	neral	Park	ing	Pro	ojects		C	General	I	Parking	Pro	jects		
	F	und	Fu	nd	F	und	 Total		Fund		Fund	Ft	ind		Total
Restricted															
Debt service	\$ 4	5,640	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 45,640	\$	45,635	\$	-	\$	-	\$	45,635
Capital projects		-	<u></u>	-	7′	14,301	 714,301		-			62	4,496		624,496
Total Restricted	4	5,640		-	7′	14,301	 759,941		45,635	•		62	4,496		670,131
Assigned															
Parking Fund			258	3,090		<u> </u> -	 258,090			•	176,340				176,340
Unassigned	38	1,913					 381,913		276,375				_		276,375
Total Fund Balances	\$ 42	7,553	\$ 258	3,090	\$ 71	14,301	\$ 1,399,944	\$	322,010	\$	176,340	\$ 62	4,496	\$	1,122,846

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Assigned for Parking Fund represents the component of fund balance that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Parking Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2018

Note 4 - Contingent Amount Payable to the State of Connecticut

The Parking Fund ("Fund") is used to account for the proceeds of revenue sources of the Rowayton Railroad Station parking lot. The Rowayton Railroad Station parking lot is located on property owned by the State of Connecticut ("State"). The State has leased this property to the District. Under the lease agreement, the District may be required to pay the State fifty percent of any surplus generated by the Fund if it is not used for maintenance and improvements to the lot. At June 30, 2018, the fund balance amounted to \$258,090.

Note 5 - Risk Management

The District purchases various insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The District maintains general liability insurance with policy limits of \$3 million and public officials' liability insurance coverage of \$1 million per occurrence and \$1 million in the aggregate. The District also maintains an umbrella policy which provides coverage up to \$10 million per claim (\$10 million in the aggregate). Workers' compensation is secured with statutory coverages. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District is self-insured for claims arising from unemployment benefit cases. Unemployment benefits are accounted for in the General Fund. There were no claims for unemployment benefits as of June 30, 2018.

Note 6 - Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the District's long-term indebtedness for the year ended June 30, 2018:

			Maturities		
	Balance July 1, 2017	New Issues/ Additions	and/or Payments	Balance June 30, 2018	Due Within One Year
Loans Payable	\$ 1,201,774	\$ 300,000	\$ 92,405	\$ 1,409,369	\$ 112,405

Loans payable at June 30, 2018 that are borrowed from the City were comprised of the following:

Purpose	Year of Issue	Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Amount Outstanding at June 30, 2018
Ambler project	2006	\$ 150,000	July, 2026	4 .41 %	\$ 78,498
Fire truck	2009	300,000	July, 2029	2.45	204,206
Community Center	2011	400,000	July, 2031	3.43	280,000
Community Center Phase II	2012	400,000	July, 2027	2.08	266,665
Community Center Phase III	2016	300,000	January, 2032	2.23	280,000
Community Center Phase IV	2018	300,000	April, 2033	2.63	300,000
					\$ 1,409,369

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) June 30, 2018

Note 6 - Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Interest expenditures of \$33,614 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$34,544 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all outstanding debt as of June 30, 2018, including interest payments of \$263,858 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2019	\$ 112,405	\$ 38,785	\$ 151,190
2020	112,405	35,699	148,104
2021	112,405	32,584	144,989
2022	112,405	29,444	141,849
2023	112,405	26,279	138,684
2024-2028	553,298	83,211	636,509
2029-2033	 294,046	 17,856	 311,902
	\$ 1,409,369	\$ 263,858	\$ 1,673,227

The above loans are direct obligations of the District for which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the District.

The District's overall debt limitation cannot exceed seven times the total of taxes, interest and penalties on taxes and the rebate provision collected during the fiscal year. For the year ended June 30, 2018, this limitation was \$12,413,338. The category of debt pertinent to the District's operations is restricted to 2.25 times, or \$3,990,002.

Compensated Absences

There is no liability for unpaid accumulated vacation or sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay such amounts when employees separate from service.

Note 7 - Pension Plan and Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations

The District does not participate in the State of Connecticut Municipal Employees Retirement System and does not offer any deferred compensation plan or other post-employment benefits.

Note 8 - Litigation

The District receives notices of claims for money damages occurring from property damage or personal injury. All the claims currently pending have been referred to the insurance carrier and none are expected to have a material effect on the District's financial position if adversely settled.

General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

-

400570	 2018		2017
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,080,859	\$	654,869
Receivables Accounts Due from other funds	1,500 62,207		1,500 628,865
	 63,707		630,365
Total Assets	\$ 1,144,566	\$	1,285,234
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures Due to City of Norwalk Due to other funds	\$ 31,828 21,158 664,027	\$	25,647 7,243 930,334
Total Liabilities	 717,013	.	963,224
Fund balance Restricted Unassigned	 45,640 381,913		45,635 276,375
Total Fund Balance	 427,553	.	322,010
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,144,566	\$	1,285,234

General Fund

Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended June 30,

2018						
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
\$ 1,767,668 8,500 5,000 10 12,000 15,000 18,000 7,000 200	\$ 1,767,668 8,500 5,000 10 12,000 15,000 18,000 7,000 200	\$ 1,763,584 4,972 4,778 79 12,089 40,720 16,155 1,625 11,671	\$ (4,084) (3,528) (222) 69 89 25,720 (1,845) (5,375) 11,471			
1,833,378	1,833,378	1,855,673	22,295			
23,500 87,697 4,000 18,000 18,800 14,500 40,000 206,497	23,500 76,697 4,000 18,000 18,800 14,500 40,000 195,497	18,501 74,616 1,056 14,063 14,246 13,589 	4,999 2,081 2,944 3,937 4,554 911 40,000 59,426			
50,400 8,500 7,600 3,150 69,650	45,900 8,500 7,600 3,150 65,150	45,721 4,972 7,560 2,607 60,860	179 3,528 40 543 4,290			
9,850	11,850	11,925	(75)			
49,450 79,150 204,700 3,000 500 26,200 363,000	42,450 48,150 204,700 3,000 500 26,200 325,000	33,347 37,436 204,700 2,066 - - 27,317 304,866	9,103 10,714 - 934 500 (1,117) 20,134			
	Budget \$ 1,767,668 8,500 5,000 10 12,000 15,000 18,000 7,000 200 1,833,378 23,500 87,697 4,000 18,000 14,500 40,000 206,497 50,400 8,500 7,600 3,150 69,650 9,850 49,450 79,150 204,700 3,000 500 26,200	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			

	2(017				
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budge Positive (Negative)			
\$ 1,740,756 8,000 5,000 10 12,000 14,000 18,000 4,500 200	\$ 1,740,756 8,000 5,000 10 12,000 14,000 18,000 4,500 200	\$ 1,746,993 7,401 4,071 38 17,726 14,540 17,150 3,375 4,720	\$ 6,237 (599) (929) 28 5,726 540 (850) (1,125) 4,520			
1,802,466	1,802,466	1,816,014	13,548			
14,500 83,520 4,000	10,500 77,521	10,055 75,293	445 2,228			
17,000 18,100 9,100 58,599	17,000 14,100 12,100 58,599	12,806 16,691 10,764	4,194 (2,591) 1,336 58,599			
204,819	189,820	125,609	64,211			
50,900 8,000 7,600 2,550	50,900 8,000 7,600 2,550	50,373 7,401 7,560 2,973	527 599 40 (423)			
69,050	69,050	68,307	743			
12,350	7,350	3,853	3,497			
59,150 61,360 199,800 3,000 500	56,150 71,360 199,800 3,000 500	57,850 68,835 199,800 2,825 -	(1,700) 2,525 - 175 500			
28,500	28,500	27,416	1,084			
352,310	359,310	356,726	2,584			

(Continued)

General Fund

Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Years Ended June 30,

	2018						
EXPENDITURES (Continued)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Current Home and community services Refuse collection Street lighting Disposal fees	\$ 164,75 47,50 195,00	0 43,500	\$ 164,750 46,129 184,630	\$ (2,629) (630)			
	407,25	0 392,250	395,509	(3,259)			
Community grants	50,87	5 50,875	50,875				
Employee benefits	417,97	8347,978	347,395	583			
Debt service Principal Interest Loan administrative fee	112,40 43,36 4,17	3 33,663	92,405 33,614 2,077	49 2,100			
	159,94	5 130,245	128,096	2,149			
Total Expenditures	1,685,04	5 1,518,845	1,435,597	83,248			
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	148,33	3314,533	420,076	105,543			
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	(148,33	3) (314,533)	(314,533)				
Net Change in Fund Balance			105,543	105,543			
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year			322,010	322,010			
End of Year	\$		\$ 427,553	\$ 427,553			

 	20	017	
 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$ 167,375 41,000 195,000	\$ 164,374 41,000 183,000	\$ 163,499 40,862 184,939	\$
 403,375	388,374	389,300	(926)
 32,400	32,400	33,440	(1,040)
 389,916	367,916	361,071	6,845
104,921 39,139 3,290	84,921 29,388 2,240	84,921 29,388 2,240	- -
 147,350	116,549	116,549	
 1,611,570	1,530,769	1,454,855	75,914
 190,896	271,697	361,159	89,462
(190,896)	(271,697)	(271,697)	
 		89,462	89,462
 		232,548	232,548
\$ 	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 322,010</u>	<u>\$ 322,010</u>

Parking Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	 2018	2017		
ASSETS	 			
Cash and equivalents	\$ 320,969	\$ 226,836		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenditures Due to other funds	\$ 672 62,207	\$ 2,471 48,025		
Total Liabilities	62,879	50,496		
Fund balance Assigned	 258,090	 176,340		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 320,969	\$ 226,836		

Parking Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30,

	2018			2017
REVENUES Parking fees Interest Miscellaneous	\$	241,071 133 13,056	\$	225,961 159 840
Total Revenues		254,260		226,960
EXPENDITURES Current Transportation		172,510		214,300
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	·	81,750		12,660
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		176,340		163,680
End of Year	\$	258,090	\$	176,340

Capital Project Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

ASSETS	2018			2017
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Due from other funds	\$	241,670 664,027	\$	275,002 933,334
Total Assets	\$	905,697	\$	1,208,336
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities				
Accounts Payable Due to other funds	\$	191,396 	\$	- 583,840
Total Liabilities	\$	191,396	\$	583,840
Fund balance Restricted		714,301		624,496
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	905,697	\$	1,208,336

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30,

	2018		2017	
REVENUES	\$	-	\$	-
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay		524,728		252,362
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(524,728)		(252,362)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Loans issued Transfers in		300,000 314,533		300,000 271,697
Total Other Financing Sources		614,533		571,697
Net Change in Fund Balance		89,805		319,335
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		624,496		305,161
End of Year	\$	714,301	\$	624,496

Schedule of General Fund Tax Collector's Activity Year Ended June 30, 2018

Grand List Year	Uncollected Taxes at June 30, 2017	(+) Net Abatements	(+) (-) Net _Adjustments	(-) Taxes Collected	Net Taxes Receivable (Payable) at June 30, 2018	Interest Collected
2002	\$ (1,373)	\$ -	\$ (1,373)	\$-	\$-	\$ -
2003	(1,619)	-	-	-	(1,619)	-
2004	(739)	-	-	-	(739)	· _
2005	(739)	-	-	-	(739)	-
2006	(627)	-	-	-	(627)	-
2007	(778)	-	-	-	(778)	-
2008	(1,365)	-	-	-	(1,365)	-
2009	(1,581)	-	-	-	(1,581)	-
2010	(169)	-	-	-	(169)	-
2011	(2,132)	-	-	-	(2,132)	-
2012	(675)	-	-	-	(675)	-
2013	26	-	-	108	(82)	67
2014	(121)	-	455	709	(375)	279
2015	4,649		966	5,464	151	1,147
	(7,243)	-	48	6,281	(10,730)	1,493
2016	1,763,718	(21)	11,310	1,784,543	(10,428)	3,285
	\$ 1,756,475	\$ (21)	<u>\$ 11,358</u>	<u>\$ 1,790,824</u>	<u>\$ (21,158)</u>	<u>\$ 4,778</u>

Schedule of Debt Limitation June 30, 2018

Receipts - Year ended June 30, 2018 Taxes, interest and penalties on taxes and rebate provision									\$	1,773,334
Base				1					\$	1,773,334
	General		Schools		Sewers		Urban Renewal		Pension Funding	
Debt Limitation: 2-1/4 times base 4-1/2 times base 3-3/4 times base 3-1/4 times base 3 times base	\$ 3,9	990,002 - - - -	\$	- 7,980,003 - - -	\$	- 6,650,003 - -	\$	- - 5,763,336 -	\$	- - 5,320,002
Total Limitation	3,9	990,002		7,980,003		6,650,003		5,763,336		5,320,002
Indebtedness - Loans outstanding	1,4	109,369		<u> </u>						
Excess of Limitation Over Indebtedness at June 30, 2018	<u>\$2,</u>	580,633_	\$	7,980,003	\$	6,650,003	\$	5,763,336	\$	5,320,002

Note - The total indebtedness for all classes cannot exceed seven times the base, or \$12,413,338. The category of debt pertinent to the District's operations in the General Fund is restricted to 2.25 times, or \$3,990,002.